104948 to 104960—Continued.

104955. DIGITALIS LANATA Ehrh.

previous introduction and description see 104575.

104956. DIGITALIS LUTEA L. Straw foxglove.

A glabrous perennial foxglove with oblong or lanceolate, denticulate leaves and many-flowered racemes of yellow or white flowers. Native to southern Europe.

104957. DIGITALIS MINIANA Sampaio.

A stout biennial foxglove, native to Portugal, with lenceolate, dentate, re-ticulate-veined leaves, and purplish flowers about one-half inch long in dense elongated racemes.

104958. DIGITALIS NERVOSA Steud. and Hochst.

For previous introduction and description see 104642.

104959. DIGITALIS NEVADENSIS Kunze.

A slender-stemmed perennial foxglove from the mountains of Spain, with large oblong leaves and lax secund racemes of showy purple flowers.

104960. DIGITALIS PARVIFLORA Jacq.

A perennial foxglove 2 or 3 feet high, with sessile, oblong acute leaves and a spike of rather small, rust-colored flowers. Cultivated in southern Europe.

104961 to 104987.

rom England. Plants purchased from Maurice Pritchard & Sons. Ltd., Riverslea Nurseries, Christchurch, Hants. Received March 31, 1934.

104961 to 104967. ERICA CARNEA L. Ericaceae. Spring heather.

104961. King George. A winter-flow-ering variety with bright rich-pink

104962. Mrs. S. Doncaster. Flowers light pink.

104963. Praecox rubra. A form which commences to bloom in January; the flowers are a rich shade of pink.

104964. Queen of Spain. Flowers rosy

104965. Rubra. Flowers deep ruby pink.

104966. Vivellii. A form with dark foliage and deep-rose flowers.

104967. Winter beauty. Flowers pink. 104988 to 104980. Kniphofia spp. Lilia-Torchilly.

> 104968. C. M. Pritchard. The of the yellow-flowered kniphoflas.

104969. Dr. Legate. Flowers a good scarlet; bloom in July; plant becomes 4 to 5 feet high. Flowers

104970. Erecta. The good red flowers of this variety are held erect. Blooming season, September.

104971. Greybeard. Flowers red, aging to pale gray; blooming in July and August; plant becomes 4 to 5 feet high.

104972. Lemon Queen. The lemon-yellow flowers are borne from July to September; the plant is 3½ feet high.

104961 to 104987—Continued.

104973. Leviathan

104974. Lighthouse. Massive scarlet heads of flowers, from July to the end of August.

4975. Majestic. Very rich red flowers, blooming in September.

104976. Mrs. Samuel Smith. Flowers light scarlet, fading to yellow, appearing in June and July. Plant becomes 5 to 6 feet high.

104977. Preziosa. Flowers scarlet with rosy sheen, appearing in August; plant becomes 4 to 5 feet high.

ers with widened spikes, appearing in September. Plant becomes 6 feet tall.

4979. Triumphans. Flowers light scarlet; blooming in August and September; plant 3 to 4 feet high.

4980. Vincent's Delight. Flowers large, yellow-toned orange, each spike with tailed center; blooms in September; plant becomes 4 feet high. 104980. Vincent's

104981. Primula sp. Primulaceae. Primrose.

Arthur Dumoullin. A Juwith double violet-blue flowers. A Juliae hybrid

104982. PRIMULA sp. Primulaceae

Primrose.

Croussei. Flowers double, plum purple, with a fine white wire edge to the petals. 104983. VERONICA ASTONI Petrie. Sero-

phulariaceae.

A veronica that forms a low dense or rounded bush, with very small, four-angled, closely imbricated leaves and small white flowers. Native to New Zealand and similar to Veronica tetragona.

104984. Hebe Buchanani (Hook. f.) Cockayne and Allen (Veronica buchanani Hook. f.). Scrophulariaceae.

A small woody evergreen bush up to a foot high, with stout spreading branches, sometimes tortuous and decussate, closely imbricate, leathery, broadly oblong leaves about one-half inch in length. The small white flowers are in short spikes near the tips of the branches. Native to New Zealand.

For previous introduction see 98252.

104985. VERONICA LYCOPODIOIDES Hook. f. Scrophulariaceae.

A stout shrub 6 to 30 inches high, with acutely four-angled branches, densely imbricating, broadly oblong, acute leaves one-eighth inch long, and small white flowers in ovate terminal heads. Native to New Zealand.

104986. VERONICA sp. Scrophulariaceae. Received under the name "pagei."

104987. HEBE PROPINGUA (Cheeseman) Cockayne and Allen (Veronica propin-qua Cheeseman). Scrophulariaceae.

A low woody evergreen bush 1 to 3 feet high, with spreading, sometimes tortuous, branches and densely imbricated leaves in opposite pairs, connate for the greater part of their length, forming a closed sheath around the branch. The white flowers are in small terminal heads. Native to New Zealand.

For previous introduction see 89297